

INTIMATION.

HONGKONG DISPENSARY

has just received FRESH SUPPLIES of

WHOLESALE CONFECTIONERY

AND

DELICIOUS SWEETS,

of the HIGHEST QUALITY and PURITY

These include—

GADBURY'S SPECIAL CREAMES
PATE D'ABRICOT JORDAN ALMONDS
CARAMELS, PRALINES.

DESSERT CHOCOLATE,

NOUGAT, FRUIT JELLIES,

CRYSTALLISED FRUITS,

METZ FRUITS;

ASSORTED TOFFEES;

MIXED BONBONS,

FRY'S CHOCOLATES,

TANGERINE BISCUITS,

ORANGE PASTE, ORANGE ROLLS
&c., &c., &c.Together with the Latest Novelties in
FANCY BOXES,
which are very suitable as Seasonable Presents
for Ladies and Young People.FRENCH CONFECTIONERY AND CONSERVES
in Large Assortment
from the BEST PARISIAN HOUSES.A. S. WATSON & CO., LIMITED
THE HONGKONG DISPENSARY.
Established A.D. 1841.

Hongkong, 9th November, 1895.

122

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

Orders for communications relating to the news columns should be addressed to THE EDITOR.

Correspondents must furnish their names and addresses with communications addressed to the Editor, not for publication, but for evidence of good faith.

All letters for publication should be written on one side of the paper only.

No anonymous or signed communications that have already appeared in other papers will be inserted.

Orders for extra copies of DAILY PRESS should be sent before 12 a.m. on day of publication. After that hour the superfluous copies will be sold for Cash.

Telegraphic address Passe, P.O. Box 12.

Telephone No. 12.

The Daily Press.

HONGKONG, JANUARY 3RD, 1895.

The prospects of the railway in China cannot yet be called good, though an Imperial Edict was issued on the 8th ult. ordering the construction of the proposed line from Tientsin to Lukou-ching. This line, which is to be a double one, will be 202 K or seventy-two miles in length, and it is estimated it will cost £7,000 sterling per mile, or a total sum of about £12,200,000. The rails are to be of 80 lbs, so as to give great strength and admit of a high rate of speed on the track. The railway is to be constructed on the west side of the river Peiho, and its metropolitan terminus at Lukou-ching, the so-called bridge of Marco Polo, is ten miles distant from the capital. The EMPEROR does not wish, we are informed by the Peking correspondent of our Shanghai morning, to have the innovation reach the gates of the capital, so it is not to be allowed to approach nearer than ten miles, where neither the wheel nor the snout of the engine can break the Heavenly calm of the Prohibited city. That the Imperial Government are in earnest, however, about the formation of this line is obvious enough, by the provision made for the funds wherewith to build it. One million taels is to be provided by the Board of Revenue, one million from the Yamen of the Northern Superintendence of Trade, and one million borrowed by the Viceroy CHENG CHI-KUNG, and which the Tung-ki Yamen have taken over. It will thus be seen that the line is to be paid for out of Government moneys, and it will undoubtedly be managed and controlled by the officials. Little as they know of railways, the Imperial Government evidently have a shrewd belief that the line to the capital will yield a good return on capital, and they are determined to have it under their own control. The traffic over it, both of goods and passengers, must be enormous, and the cost of construction, owing to the conformation of the country, will be very moderate.

When, however, the longer sections of the proposed system of railways come to be considered, the Imperial Authorities soon begin to fear their lack of real interest in the new method of communication. The line from Lukou-ching to Hankow or other point on the Yangtze, the first great section of the grand trunk line southwards, is to be left to private enterprise. The rich merchants and others are to be invited to find the funds for the prosecution of this work. Whether that line will prove remunerative or not is at present a matter of speculation. Properly managed we have no doubt it will, but whether it will be properly managed is not so certain. The merchants are to be asked to subscribe the capital; the officials will undertake the management. This means it is to be feared, that the public are to provide the means of constructing the work, and the officials will have the finger of the money. Knowing their officials as they do, we do not believe the mercantile classes will subscribe capital for railways in the management of which official influence will be supreme. Chinese capital is exceedingly shy when invited out by the man-

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japan Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

The Japanese Gazette understands that the Chinese has been ordered to sea to search for the missing Bonington.

part of the award made by the Arbitration Conference in Paris in 1888. President Oliver and also invited Congress to refer the United States to the Arbitrators to decide the inadmissible and unnatural treaty obligations in connection with Samoa, and he further insisted upon the United States maintaining a neutral attitude with regard to the insurrection in Cuba.

MR. CHAMBERLAIN'S CIRCULAR.

London, 4th December.

Sir Saul Samuel, Agent-General for New South Wales, has communicated with the Right Hon. Chamberlain, Secretary of State for the Colonies, with regard to the circular issued by the latter to the various colonial Governors, requiring them to furnish him with details as to the extent of the foreign imports into the colonies for the years 1881 and 1894 respectively. Mr. Chamberlain states that his despatch has no connection with any intended economic or fiscal changes.

THE BRITISH ASSOCIATION.

London, 4th December.

The Canadian Government proposes to invite His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales and the Right Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, Secretary of State for the Colonies, to visit Toronto in 1897, on the occasion of the meeting of the British Association for the Advancement of Science in that city.

THE SAMOAN QUESTION.

London, 4th December.

The reference made by President Cleveland to Samoa in his message to Congress has been discussed in the Berlin press. It is considered that the United States Government are seeking to manoeuvre England and Germany out of Samoa, and the press demands that German suzerainty be proclaimed over the Samoan group.

THE AMERICAN CURRENCY.

London, 5th December.

President Cleveland's proposals with regard to the currency question have been referred to Congress, and attacked by the Republican press in the Berlin press. It is considered unlikely that Congress will adopt the proposals.

MR. A. J. BALFOUR AND THE FREEDOM OF THE CITY OF GLASGOW.

London, 5th December.

The Corporation of Glasgow has offered to confer the freedom of the city on the Right Hon. A. J. Balfour, First Lord of the Treasury.

A PRUSSIAN MINISTER DISMISSED.

London, 6th December.

Herren von Koller, Minister for the Interior in the Prussian Ministry, has been dismissed by the Emperor William.

His colleagues resented the action of Herr von Koller in issuing the recent arbitrary order for the closing of the Socialist clubs in Berlin on his own authority.

MR. CHAMBERLAIN'S ARRIVED.

London, 5th December.

M. Paul Chambellan, President of the French Senate, is seriously ill.

CONFLICT BETWEEN RUSSIAN MINISTERS.

London, 5th December.

A conflict has occurred between M. de Witte, the Russian Minister of Finance, and Count Voronov-Dachkov, Minister of the Imperial household.

M. de Witte desired to examine the accounts of the Czar's household, but Count Dachkov objected to this being done.

M. de Witte initiated an examination, being made, and a conflict ensued.

It is considered that M. de Witte has endangered his position as Finance Minister.

THE GREAT SILVER HORSEY.

London, 6th December.

Alexander Sarti, manager of the Charlestown branch of Messrs. Elkington and Co.'s business, who was arrested on the charge of being concerned with others in the robbery of £43,394 of silver from a van near the Midland Railway Company's St. Pancras Station on the 25th September last, has been committed for trial.

CHARLES WILHELMUS.

London, 6th December.

The lad Alfred Gamble, who in October last, was arrested on the charge of murdering a little child named Dowling at Tiltington, but was subsequently discharged, has been rearrested, charged with the attempted murder of another child.

THOMAS CARLYLE'S CENTENARY.

London, 6th December.

The centenary of the birth of Thomas Carlyle was celebrated yesterday at Chelsea and Edinburgh, and at the latter place Mr. John Morley delivered an eloquent oration on the deceased author.

Thomas Carlyle was born at Ecclefechan, in Dumfriesshire, on the 4th December, 1795, and died in February, 1881. The house in Cheyne Row, Chelsea, which the Carlyles occupied from 1834 until the end of their lives, has recently been brought by public subscription, and is now being preserved as a Carlyle Museum.

ACCIDENT TO MR. A. J. BESSEY.

London, 6th December.

Mr. Albert Bessey, brother of Lord Bessey, Governor of Victoria, received a serious injury to his eye while playing tennis yesterday.

A GENEROUS GIFT TO THE NATIONAL PORTRAIT GALLERY.

London, 6th December.

Mr. George Frederick Watts, R.A., who executed one of the frescoes in the Post's Hall of the House of Parliament, and painted in fresco the west end of Lincoln's Inn Hall, and who last year refused baronetcy, has presented to the National Portrait Gallery the portraits of fifteen eminent men.

THE CANADIAN PACIFIC LINE.

London, 6th December.

Sir Charles Turner, High Commissioner for Canada in London, has been summoned to Ottawa by the Dominion Government to consult with regard to the schemes for establishing a Canadian Atlantic mail service, and the proposed Pacific cable.

The Times, in an article this morning, says that if the colonies will second the efforts of Mr. Chamberlain in connection with proposed cable and steamship services, much advantage will result to the colonies and Great Britain.

MR. GLADSTONE'S VIEWS.

London, 6th December.

Mr. Gladstone states that he would welcome any movement to assist Armenia, and to wrest from the Sultan of Turkey the victory he has obtained over Europe.

Mr. Gladstone expresses the hope that the Powers which have taken action in regard to Turkey will not allow themselves to be made utterly ridiculous before the world.

THE JEDDAH OUTBREAK.

London, 6th December.

The Bedouins are seeking to capture the Europeans residing at Jeddah, in Arabia, with the object of holding them as hostages in reparation for the recent action taken by the Porte at the instance of the Powers in consequence of the assault committed by Bedouins upon the British, Russian and French Consuls at that place.

A CHARGE AGAINST ENGLAND.

London, 6th December.

A statement emanating from the French Colonial Office, to the effect that the Governor of the British colony of Sierra Leone, West Africa, had supplied the native Chief Samory, who is acting against the French with arms and ammunition, has been officially denied by the British Colonial Office.

FATHER ROSSIGNOL.

London, 6th December.

Father Rossignol, the Italian priest who escaped from Khartoum some months ago, is returning to the Sudan.

FLIGHTS AND LOSS IN ENGLAND.

London, 6th December.

Further floods and gales have occurred in England. Great damage has been done.

THE FRENCH NAVY.

London, 6th December.

M. Pelletan, a member of the French Chamber of Deputies and one of the committee appointed to report upon the condition of the French navy, has reported in favour of the reduction of the naval estimates by £3,000,000 francs.

This reduction, if carried out, will chiefly affect the land staff.

London, 6th December.

In the report presented to the Chamber of Deputies by M. Pelletan, a member of the committee appointed to inquire into the administration and condition of the French Navy, it is stated the cost of the French Navy last year was £2,000,000 in excess of the cost of the navies of the Powers, from the Triple Alliance, viz., Germany, Italy, and Austria-Hungary.

The report of the committee upon administrative expenses in connection with the French Navy covers 150 pages.

THE AUSTRALIAN ELEVEN.

London, 6th December.

It has been arranged that the Australian cricketing team which is to visit England next year shall play three international matches, England v. Australia.

The dates of the matches have been fixed for 25th June, 10th July, and 10th August.

THE Nansen Arctic Expedition.

London, 6th December.

A despatch has been received by a carrier pigeon slating that the members of Dr. Nansen's expedition to the North Pole are well.

THE AMERICAN CUP.

London, 6th December.

The Royal Yacht Squadron will not take part in the inquiry concerning the late America Cup contest.

Mr. Phelps and Captain Mahan have joined the New York Yacht Club committee.

SHIPPING REPORTS.

The British steamer *Kang*, from Wuhsu 24th Dec., had fresh monsoon throughout.

The Chinese steamer *Kuang Pak*, from Chung 28th Dec., had fine weather with N.E. and N. winds throughout.

The British steamer *Canton*, from Shanghai 22nd Dec., had fresh monsoon and overcast cloudy weather throughout.

The British steamer *China*, from Sydney 10th Dec., and Port Darwin 23rd, had moderate light N.E. wind and fine weather from Sydney to Port Darwin; thence to Singapore, light N.W. breeze and fine weather; from Singapore to Calcutta; strong breeze and moderate N.E. gale and high sea; from Calcutta to Wugia strong N.E. monsoon and high sea.

THE BRITISH ASSOCIATION.

London, 6th December.

The Canadian Government proposes to invite His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales and the Right Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, Secretary of State for the Colonies, to visit Toronto in 1897, on the occasion of the meeting of the British Association for the Advancement of Science in that city.

THE SAMOAN QUESTION.

London, 6th December.

The Canadian Government proposes to invite His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales and the Right Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, Secretary of State for the Colonies, to visit Toronto in 1897, on the occasion of the meeting of the British Association for the Advancement of Science in that city.

THE AMERICAN CURRENCY.

London, 6th December.

President Cleveland's proposals with regard to the currency question have been referred to Congress, and attacked by the Republican press in the Berlin press. It is considered unlikely that Congress will adopt the proposals.

MR. A. J. BALFOUR AND THE FREEDOM OF THE CITY OF GLASGOW.

London, 6th December.

The Corporation of Glasgow has offered to confer the freedom of the city on the Right Hon. A. J. Balfour, First Lord of the Treasury.

A PRUSSIAN MINISTER DISMISSED.

London, 6th December.

Herren von Koller, Minister for the Interior in the Prussian Ministry, has been dismissed by the Emperor William.

His colleagues resented the action of Herr von Koller in issuing the recent arbitrary order for the closing of the Socialist clubs in Berlin on his own authority.

MR. CHAMBERLAIN'S ARRIVED.

London, 5th December.

M. Paul Chambellan, President of the French Senate, is seriously ill.

CONFLICT BETWEEN RUSSIAN MINISTERS.

London, 5th December.

A conflict has occurred between M. de Witte, the Russian Minister of Finance, and Count Voronov-Dachkov, Minister of the Imperial household.

M. de Witte desired to examine the accounts of the Czar's household, but Count Dachkov objected to this being done.

M. de Witte initiated an examination, being made, and a conflict ensued.

It is considered that M. de Witte has endangered his position as Finance Minister.

THE GREAT SILVER HORSEY.

London, 6th December.

Alexander Sarti, manager of the Charlestown branch of Messrs. Elkington and Co.'s business, who was arrested on the charge of being concerned with others in the robbery of £43,394 of silver from a van near the Midland Railway Company's St. Pancras Station on the 25th September last, has been committed for trial.

CHARLES WILHELMUS.

London, 6th December.

The lad Alfred Gamble, who in October last, was arrested on the charge of murdering a little child named Dowling at Tiltington, but was subsequently discharged, has been rearrested, charged with the attempted murder of another child.

THOMAS CARLYLE'S CENTENARY.

London, 6th December.

The centenary of the birth of Thomas Carlyle was celebrated yesterday at Chelsea and Edinburgh, and at the latter place Mr. John Morley delivered an eloquent oration on the deceased author.

Thomas Carlyle was born at Ecclefechan, in Dumfriesshire, on the 4th December, 1795, and died in February, 1881. The house in Cheyne Row, Chelsea, which the Carlyles occupied from 1834 until the end of their lives, has recently been brought by public subscription, and is now being preserved as a Carlyle Museum.

ACCIDENT TO MR. A. J. BESSEY.

London, 6th December.

Mr. Albert Bessey, brother of Lord Bessey, Governor of Victoria, received a serious injury to his eye while playing tennis yesterday.

A GENEROUS GIFT TO THE NATIONAL PORTRAIT GALLERY.

London, 6th December.

Sir Charles Turner, High Commissioner for Canada in London, has been summoned to Ottawa by the Dominion Government to consult with regard to the schemes for establishing a Canadian Atlantic mail service, and the proposed Pacific cable.

The Times, in an article this morning, says that if the colonies will second the efforts of Mr. Chamberlain in connection with proposed cable and steamship services, much advantage will result to the colonies and Great Britain.

MR. GLADSTONE'S VIEWS.

London, 6th December.

Mr. Gladstone states that he would welcome any movement to assist Armenia, and to wrest from the Sultan of Turkey the victory he has obtained over Europe.

Mr. Gladstone expresses the hope that the Powers which have taken action in regard to Turkey will not allow themselves to be made utterly ridiculous before the world.

THE JEDDAH OUTBREAK.

London, 6th December.

The Bedouins are seeking to capture the Europeans residing at Jeddah, in Arabia, with the object of holding them as hostages in reparation for the recent action taken by the Porte at the instance of the Powers in consequence of the assault committed by Bedouins upon the British, Russian and French Consuls at that place.

A CHARGE AGAINST ENGLAND.

London, 6th December.

A statement emanating from the French Colonial Office, to the effect that the Governor of the British colony of Sierra Leone, West Africa, had

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Steamship

"PALAWAN,"

FROM LONDON AND STRAITS.

Consignees of Cargo by the above-named vessel are hereby informed that their goods are being landed and placed on the wharf in the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company's Godowns at Kowloon, where each consignment will be sorted out mark by mark and delivery can be obtained as soon as the goods are landed.

Optional goods will be landed here unless instructions are given to the contrary before 4 P.M. To-day.

Goods will be sent by the 3rd prox. at 4 P.M. will be subject to rent.

No Fire Insurance will be effected by me in any case whatever.

All damaged packages must be left in the Godowns and notice of same given to the undersigned on or before the 5th prox. after which no claims will be recognized.

ALF. WOOLLEY,

Acting Superintendent

Hongkong, 27th December, 1895.

11

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Steamship

"BRINDISI,"

FROM BOMBAY, COLOMBO, AND

STRAITS.

Consignees of Cargo by the above-named vessel are hereby informed that their goods are being landed and placed at their risk in the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company's Godowns at Kowloon, where each consignment will be sorted out mark by mark and delivery can be obtained as soon as the goods are landed.

This vessel brings on cargo.

From Australia or Africa.

Optional goods will be landed here unless instructions are given to the contrary before 4 P.M. To-day.

Goods will be sent by the 3rd prox. at 4 P.M. will be subject to rent.

No Fire Insurance will be effected by me in any case whatever.

All damaged packages must be left in the Godowns and notice of same given to the undersigned on or before the 5th prox. after which no claims will be recognized.

ALF. WOOLLEY,

Acting Superintendent

Hongkong, 27th December, 1895.

11

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Steamship

"PEASHAWAR,"

FROM HONGKONG, COLOMBO,

AND STRAITS.

Consignees of Cargo by the above-named vessel are hereby informed that their goods are being landed and placed at their risk in the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company's Godowns at Kowloon, where each consignment will be sorted out mark by mark and delivery can be obtained as soon as the goods are landed.

This vessel brings on cargo.

From Australia or Africa.

Optional goods will be landed here unless instructions are given to the contrary before 4 P.M. To-day.

Goods will be sent by the 3rd prox. at 4 P.M. will be subject to rent.

No Fire Insurance will be effected by me in any case whatever.

All damaged packages must be left in the Godowns and notice of same given to the undersigned on or before the 5th prox. after which no claims will be recognized.

ALF. WOOLLEY,

Acting Superintendent

Hongkong, 28th December, 1895.

11

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Steamship

"SHIRE," LINE OF STEAMERS.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Steamship

"PEASHAWAR,"

FROM NEW YORK AND STRAITS.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Steamship

"PEASHAWAR,"

FROM NEW YORK AND STRAITS.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Steamship

"PEASHAWAR,"

FROM NEW YORK AND STRAITS.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Steamship

"PEASHAWAR,"

FROM NEW YORK AND STRAITS.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Steamship

"PEASHAWAR,"

FROM NEW YORK AND STRAITS.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Steamship

"PEASHAWAR,"

FROM NEW YORK AND STRAITS.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Steamship

"PEASHAWAR,"

FROM NEW YORK AND STRAITS.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Steamship

"PEASHAWAR,"

FROM NEW YORK AND STRAITS.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Steamship

"PEASHAWAR,"

FROM NEW YORK AND STRAITS.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Steamship

"PEASHAWAR,"

FROM NEW YORK AND STRAITS.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Steamship

"PEASHAWAR,"

FROM NEW YORK AND STRAITS.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Steamship

"PEASHAWAR,"

FROM NEW YORK AND STRAITS.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Steamship

"PEASHAWAR,"

FROM NEW YORK AND STRAITS.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Steamship

"PEASHAWAR,"

FROM NEW YORK AND STRAITS.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Steamship

"PEASHAWAR,"

FROM NEW YORK AND STRAITS.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Steamship

"PEASHAWAR,"

FROM NEW YORK AND STRAITS.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Steamship

"PEASHAWAR,"

FROM NEW YORK AND STRAITS.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Steamship

"PEASHAWAR,"

FROM NEW YORK AND STRAITS.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Steamship

"PEASHAWAR,"

FROM NEW YORK AND STRAITS.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Steamship

"PEASHAWAR,"

FROM NEW YORK AND STRAITS.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Steamship

"PEASHAWAR,"

FROM NEW YORK AND STRAITS.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Steamship

"PEASHAWAR,"

FROM NEW YORK AND STRAITS.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Steamship

"PEASHAWAR,"

FROM NEW YORK AND STRAITS.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Steamship

"PEASHAWAR,"

FROM NEW YORK AND STRAITS.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Steamship

"PEASHAWAR,"

FROM NEW YORK AND STRAITS.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Steamship

"PEASHAWAR,"

FROM NEW YORK AND STRAITS.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Steamship

"PEASHAWAR,"

FROM NEW YORK AND STRAITS.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Steamship

"PEASHAWAR,"

FROM NEW YORK AND STRAITS.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Steamship

"PEASHAWAR,"

FROM NEW YORK AND STRAITS.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Steamship

"PEASHAWAR,"

FROM NEW YORK AND STRAITS.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Steamship

"PEASHAWAR,"

FROM NEW YORK AND STRAITS.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Steamship

"PEASHAWAR,"

FROM NEW YORK AND STRAITS.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Steamship

"PEASHAWAR,"

FROM NEW YORK AND STRAITS.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Steamship

"PEASHAWAR,"

FROM NEW YORK AND STRAITS.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Steamship

"PEASHAWAR,"

FROM NEW YORK AND STRAITS.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Steamship

"PEASHAWAR,"

FROM NEW YORK AND STRAITS.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.